$\qquad$
Directions: Beginning in the first cell marked \#1, find the requested information. To advance in the circuit, hunt for your answer and mark that cell \#2. Continue working in this manner until you complete the circuit.

| Ans: $\cos x$ <br> \#_1 <br> Find $f^{\prime \prime}(x) . f(x)=x^{3}+x^{2}+4$ $f^{\prime \prime}(x)=\text { ? }$ | Ans: $-\frac{x-\sin x}{y}$ <br> \# $\qquad$ Find $\frac{d y}{d x} . \quad y=3\left(2 x+\frac{2}{3}\right)$ $\frac{d y}{d x}=?$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| Ans: -4 <br> \# $\qquad$ Find $\frac{d y}{d x}$. $\quad y=5 x+\cos x$ $\frac{d y}{d x}=?$ | Ans: $\frac{-2}{x^{3}}$ <br> \# $\qquad$ <br> Find $\frac{d y}{d x}$. $\quad y=x \sin x$ $\frac{d y}{d x}=?$ |
| Ans: $6 x+2$ <br> \# $\qquad$ <br> Find $f^{\prime}(x) . f(x)=\frac{1}{x^{2}}$ $f^{\prime}(x)=\text { ? }$ | Ans: $5-\sin x$ <br> \# $\qquad$ <br> Find $f^{\prime}(x)$. $f(x)=x^{2}+4 x-5$ $f^{\prime}(x)=\text { ? }$ |
| Ans: $2 x+4$ <br> \# $\qquad$ Find $\frac{d y}{d x} . \quad y=x \tan x$ $\frac{d y}{d x}=?$ | Ans: $\frac{3-2 x y}{x^{2}+1}$ <br> \# $\qquad$ $f(x)=\tan x \cos x$ $f^{\prime}(x)=?$ |

Circuit Training - Functions: Piecewise, Abs. Value \& Operations

| Ans: 3 <br> \# $\qquad$ <br> A student is finding the derivative by the limit process. <br> The student is using $f^{\prime}(x)=\lim _{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{(x+h)^{2}+3(x+h)-4-x^{2}-3 x+4}{h} .$ | Ans: 6 <br> \# $\qquad$ <br> Find $\frac{d y}{d x} . \quad y=\frac{2 x^{2}+4 x}{x}$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| If the original function is $f(x)=a x^{2}+b x+c$, what is the value of $c$ ? | $\frac{d y}{d x}=?$ |
| Ans: $\tan x+x \sec ^{2} x$ <br> \# $\qquad$ <br> Find $\frac{d y}{d x} . \quad x^{2} y+y=3 x$ | Ans: $\sin x+x \cos x$ <br> \# $\qquad$ <br> Find $\frac{d y}{d x}$. $\quad x y=\cos x$ |
| $\frac{d y}{d x}=?$ | $\frac{d y}{d x}=?$ |

Ans: $-\frac{y+\sin x}{x}$
\#
Find $\frac{d y}{d x} . \quad x^{2}+y^{2}+2 \cos x=32$

$$
\frac{d y}{d x}=?
$$

Ans: 2
\#
A student is finding the derivative of $f(x)=x^{3}$ by the limit process.
The student is using $f^{\prime}(x)=\lim _{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{(x+h)^{3}-x^{3}}{h}$.

The student simplifies this expression to

$$
f^{\prime}(x)=\lim _{h \rightarrow 0}\left(A x^{B}+C x^{D} h^{E}+h^{F}\right)
$$

$A, B, C, D, E \& F$ are integers. What is the value of $C$ ?

